IN CONSIDERATION OF RESOLUTION NO. 19-5033 FOR THE PURPOSE OF AUTHORIZING THE CHIEF OPERATING OFFICER TO ISSUE A RENEWED NON-SYSTEM LICENSE AUTHORIZING THE BOEING COMPANY TO TRANSPORT AND DISPOSE NON-RECOVERABLE SOLID WASTE, INCLUDING PUTRESCIBLE WASTE AT THE COVANTA WASTE-TO-ENERGY FACILITY LOCATED IN BROOKS, OREGON

Date: November 1, 2019 Department: PES Meeting Date: November 21, 2019 Prepared by: Will Ennis, x1667, will.ennis@oregonmetro.gov

ISSUE STATEMENT

The Boeing Company (Boeing) is requesting renewal of its Metro Solid Waste Facility Non-System License (NSL) to transport up to 1,000 tons per calendar year of non-recoverable solid waste, including putrescible waste, from its facility located at 19000 NE Sandy Blvd. in Gresham to the Covanta Waste-to-Energy facility (Covanta) in Brooks, OR.

Metro Code Section 5.05.110(c) requires the Metro Council to approve or deny a nonsystem license to transport putrescible waste to a disposal site.

ACTION REQUESTED

Approve Resolution No. 19-5033 which will authorize the Chief Operating Officer to issue a renewed Metro Non-System License to Boeing for a term of two years.

IDENTIFIED POLICY OUTCOMES

Approval of the proposed NSL renewal will support Metro's longstanding practice to allow solid waste generated in the Metro region to be transported to disposal sites located outside of the region provided that the transporter applies for and receives Metro authorization.

POLICY QUESTION

Should Metro Council approve the resolution and grant the Chief Operating Officer authority to issue a renewed NSL, as provided in Metro Code Chapter 5.05.110, to The Boeing Company to deliver up to 1,000 tons of putrescible waste per calendar year to the Covanta Waste-to-Energy facility?

POLICY OPTIONS FOR COUNCIL TO CONSIDER

- 1. Approve the resolution as proposed to authorize the Chief Operating Officer to issue a renewed NSL to Boeing.
- 2. Approve the resolution with conditions in addition to or other than those recommended by staff.
- 3. Do not approve the resolution.

STAFF RECOMMENDATIONS

Staff recommends Metro Council approve of Resolution 19-5033 to authorize the Chief Operating Officer to issue a renewed Metro Non-System License to Boeing.

STRATEGIC CONTEXT & FRAMING COUNCIL DISCUSSION

NSLs are the main vehicles by which Metro manages the flow of solid waste transported to facilities located outside of the Metro regional boundary because they allow Metro to collect fees and taxes, closely monitor and potentially guide Metro area waste to authorized facilities.

Known Opposition/Support/Community Feedback

There is no known opposition to the proposed NSL.

Legal Antecedents

Metro Code Chapter 5.05, "Solid Waste Flow Control." Specifically, Section 5.05.140 describes the factors the Chief Operating Officer may consider to determine whether to issue a non-system license:

(1) The degree to which prior users of the non-system facility and waste types accepted at the non-system facility are known and the degree to which those wastes pose a future risk of environmental contamination;

The proposed disposal site is a waste-to-energy facility rather than a landfill and thus does not pose the same potential environmental risk from waste delivered from prior users. Air emissions from the facility are controlled through the use of high efficiency combustion within the furnace/boiler as well as by selective non-catalytic reduction, spray dryer absorbers, fabric filter baghouses and an activated carbon injection system. The ash generated at the facility is then disposed, or used beneficially, in accordance with Oregon Department of Environmental Quality (DEQ) requirements.

(2) The non-system facility owner's and operator's regulatory compliance record with federal, state and local requirements, including but not limited to public health, safety and environmental regulations;

Covanta holds a DEQ Solid Waste Energy Recovery Permit. No formal enforcement actions have been taken at Covanta by DEQ in the last five years and Covanta is in compliance with federal, state, and local requirements. Staff has also received confirmation that Covanta has a good compliance record with respect to public health, safety and environmental regulations.

(3) The adequacy of the non-system facility's operational practices and management controls;

Covanta screens incoming waste for hazardous, radioactive, and other unacceptable materials and has a state-of-the-art emissions control system to minimize the risk of

future environmental contamination. In addition, Covanta uses operational practices and management controls that are considered by the DEQ to be appropriate for the protection of health, safety, and the environment.

(4) The expected impact on the region's recycling and waste reduction efforts;

Boeing has an aggressive internal recycling program and it seeks to deliver only its non-recyclable waste, including putrescible solid waste, to Covanta instead of a landfill.

The Metro-area waste that is delivered to Covanta is not included in Metro's recovery rate calculation because state statute (ORS 465A.010(4)(f)(B)) stipulates that only those wastesheds that burn mixed solid waste for energy recovery within their wasteshed boundaries may count a portion of it towards their DEQ recovery rate calculation. Marion County is the only wasteshed within Oregon that hosts a waste-to-energy facility within its boundaries; therefore, it is the only wasteshed that is currently allowed to include a portion of the in-County waste that is delivered to Covanta in its recovery rate. Approval of the proposed license is not expected to impact the Metro region's recycling and waste reduction efforts.

(5) The proposed non-system license's effect with Metro's existing contractual arrangements;

Through 2019, Metro has a contractual agreement to deliver a minimum of 87 percent of the region's putrescible waste that is delivered to general purpose landfills during the calendar year, to landfills owned by Waste Management. The proposed NSL is not effective until January 1, 2020, after the expiration of Metro's contractual agreement and therefore, approval of the proposed license will not conflict with Metro's disposal contract.

(6) The applicant's record regarding compliance with Metro ordinances and agreements or assistance to Metro in Metro ordinance enforcement and with federal, state and local requirements including, but not limited to public health, safety and environmental regulations; and

Metro staff's investigation of the applicant revealed a good record of compliance with local and state agencies responsible for health, safety, and environmental regulations.

(7) Any other factor the Chief Operating Officer considers appropriate.

Covanta is the primary disposal site for solid waste generated within Marion County. Marion County generally supports the Metro-authorized flow of solid waste to Covanta.

Anticipated Effects

Adoption of Resolution 19-5033 will authorize the Chief Operating Officer to issue a renewed NSL, as provided in Metro Code Chapter 5.05.110, to Boeing to deliver up to 1,000 tons of putrescible waste per calendar year to the Covanta Waste-to-Energy facility.

Financial Implications

The application under consideration is the renewal of an existing NSL. The financial impact of this NSL has already been factored into the budget. The regional system fee and excise tax will continue to be collected on Metro-area waste delivered to Covanta under the authority of the proposed NSL.

BACKGROUND

The applicant seeks to renew its NSL to transport non-recoverable solid waste and putrescible waste generated within the Metro region to Covanta. Covanta is a non-system waste-to-energy facility located outside of the region. Metro Code Section 5.05.040 prohibits any person from transporting solid waste to a non-system facility without an appropriate license from Metro. The proposed NSL renewal is subject to Metro Council approval because it involves putrescible waste.

The applicant, The Boeing Company, operates an airplane parts manufacturing and assembly facility located at 19000 NE Sandy Blvd. in Gresham, Oregon (Metro District 1). Boeing routinely generates miscellaneous non-recoverable wastes at its facility which includes office, restroom, and lunchroom waste and special waste consisting of oily solids, absorbent material, shop cleanup debris, non-hazardous shot-blasting residue, and floor sweepings including mixed metal chips. The company makes efforts to reduce, reuse, and recycle waste and has implemented an internal diversion program in which it tracks its recovery efforts for a variety of materials generated at the site including metals, paper, cardboard, glass, wood, food waste, and landscape waste. As part of these sustainability efforts, Boeing prefers to send its non-recoverable wastes to a waste-to-energy facility instead of landfills for disposal.

Boeing has been transporting miscellaneous non-recoverable waste, including putrescible waste, to Covanta under authority of an NSL since October 2013. The current license will expire on December 31, 2019. The licensee transported approximately 463 tons to Covanta in calendar year 2018, and about 366 tons through September of 2019.

ATTACHMENTS

Exhibit A to Resolution No. 19-5033: Draft Non-System License No. N-140-20.