

# Regional Congestion Pricing Study

Joint Policy Advisory Committee on Transportation
April 15, 2021



#### Agenda

- Study Update
- Review Technical Findings for Pricing Scenarios
  - High Level Findings, Costs and Benefits
- Expert Review Panel on 4/22
- Schedule and Next Steps



# Regional Congestion Pricing Study

#### RCPS Goal:

To understand how our region could use congestion pricing to manage traffic demand to meet climate goals without adversely impacting and potentially improving safety and equity.

Not recommending or implementing any pricing measures



## **Expected Outcomes**

#### RCPS findings will:

- Inform future discussions on implementing congestion pricing and policy recommendations
  - Informing ODOT and PBOT efforts
- Outline next steps for evaluation and further study

# Pricing strategies will be measured against the Region's 4 Priorities (RTP 2018)



**Equity-**Reduce disparity



Climate Smart –
Reducing GHG
emissions



Safety-Getting to Vision Zero



**Congestion** 



#### **Key Performance Measures**

- Vehicle Miles Traveled (VMT)
- Percent of people using different modes
- Accessibility to Jobs Transit + Auto
- Vehicle Delay
- Emissions
- Cost total cost of travel for the region and cost per traveler paying a charge



#### The Four Families of Tools We Considered

- Focus on 4 tools with multiple possible program designs
- Provide assessment of overall value, not a recommendation



#### **VEHICLE MILES TRAVELED FEE (Road User Charge)**

Drivers pay a fee for every mile they travel



#### **CORDON PRICING**

Drivers pay to enter an area, like downtown Portland (and sometimes pay to drive within that area)



#### **ROADWAY PRICING**

Drivers pay a fee to drive on a particular road, bridge or highway



#### PARKING PRICING

Drivers pay to park in certain areas



# **Summary of Scenarios**

Scenario	<b>Pricing Charge</b>	Type of Charge	Additional Details		
VMT B	\$0.0685/mile	Charge per mile driven	32% increase over Baseline Scenario		
VMT C	\$0.132/mile	Charge per mile driven	Charge is approximately doubled compared to VMT B; 63% increase over Baseline Scenario		
COR A	\$5.63	Charge to enter cordon area	Higher end of price range based on other cities		

Higher end of price range based on

other cities; cordon boundaries are

larger compared to Cordon A

Charge on highways is doubled

compared to Roadway A

- 8 scenarios (two from each family)
- Charges assessed within MPA boundaries only (in

\$2010)

- Compare effects of different types of charges and amount charged
- PARK A Varies Charge to park vehicle Parking assumptions drawn from 2018 RTP's 2040 Financially Constrained scenario

  PARK B Varies Charge to park vehicle Parking assumptions are doubled

Charge to enter cordon

Charge per mile driven

on highways

area

COR B

RD B

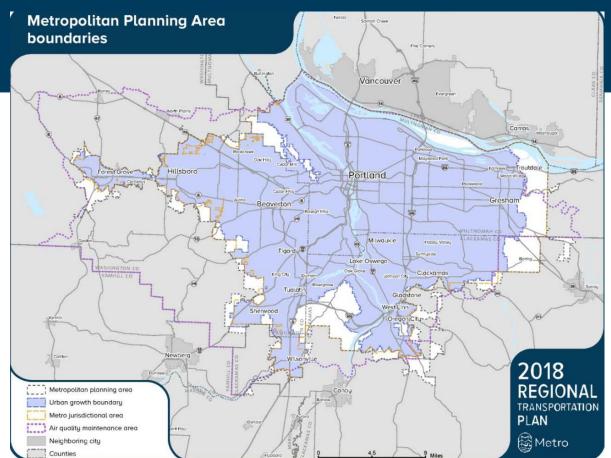
\$5.63

\$0.264/mile

RD A \$0.132/mile Charge per mile driven on highways Charge



#### **VMT Scenarios**



Charges assessed
 within MPA
 boundaries for each
 mile driven for VMT B
 and VMT C

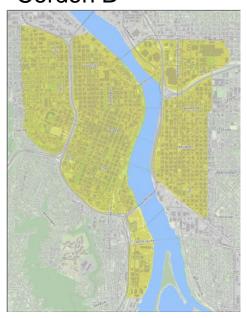


#### **Cordon Scenarios**

#### Cordon A



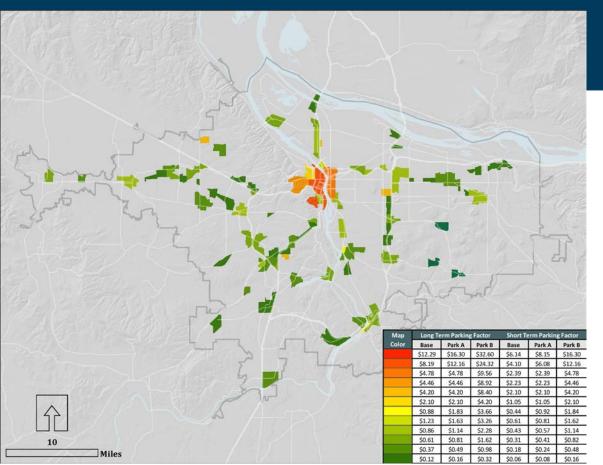
#### Cordon B



- Cordon A encompasses downtown Portland, South Waterfront, portions of NW Portland
- Cordon B expands to include Lloyd District and CEID
- Travel through the cordons on freeways/highways (i.e. I-5/I-405, or US-26 to Ross Island Bridge) are not charged



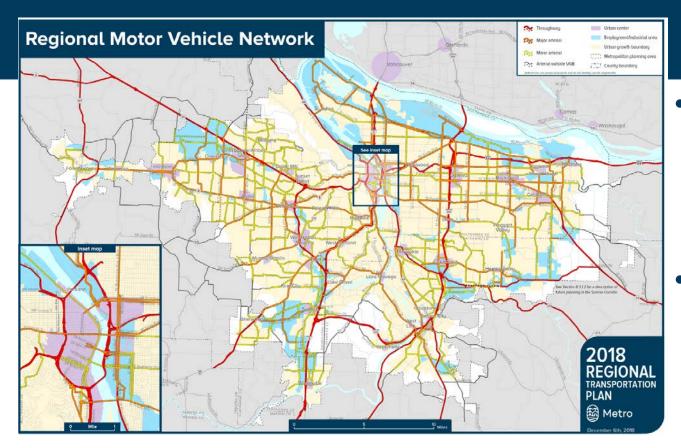
# **Parking Scenarios**



- Parking A and B do not include changes to parking charges outside of MPA boundaries
- Parking B is double the charge of Parking A
- Rates in Vancouver remain at 2027 Base level



## **Roadway Scenarios**



- All throughways
  (shown in red) within
  MPA boundaries are
  charged in Roadway
  A and Roadway B
- Roadway A charges the same rate as VMT C, while Roadway B doubles that rate



## **Summary of Scenario Performance**

- All four pricing types addressed climate and congestion priorities.
- All eight scenarios reduced the drive alone rate, vehicle miles traveled, and emissions, while increasing daily transit trips.
- Geographic distributions of benefits and costs varied by scenario.
- There were tradeoffs for implementing pricing scenarios.



## **High-Level Findings from Modeling**

RTP Goal	Metrics	VMT B	VMT C	COR A	COR B	PARK A	PARK B	RD A	RD B
Congestion & Climate	Daily VMT								
	Drive Alone Rate								
	Daily Transit Trips								
	2HR Freeway VHD								
	2HR Arterial VHD								
Climate	Emissions								
Equity	Job Access (Auto)								
	Job Access (Transit)								
Total Regional Travel Cost		Medium-High	High	Medium-Low	Medium-Low	Low	Low	Medium	Medium

Note: Green indicates better alignment with regional goals when compared to the Base scenario.

Legend			
Large Positive Change			
Moderate Positive Change			
Small Positive Change			
Minimal Change			
Small Negative Change			
Moderate Negative Change			
Large Negative Change			

<sup>\*</sup>Positive and Negative refer to progress toward regional goals, and not to numerical values (i.e. a reduction in VMT is "positive")

- VMT and Parking scenarios show the most positive changes, no negative changes
- Cordon and Roadway scenarios see some increases in delay and reductions in job access
- These results are before any discounts/exemptions,
   reinvestment of revenues, or iterations of program design

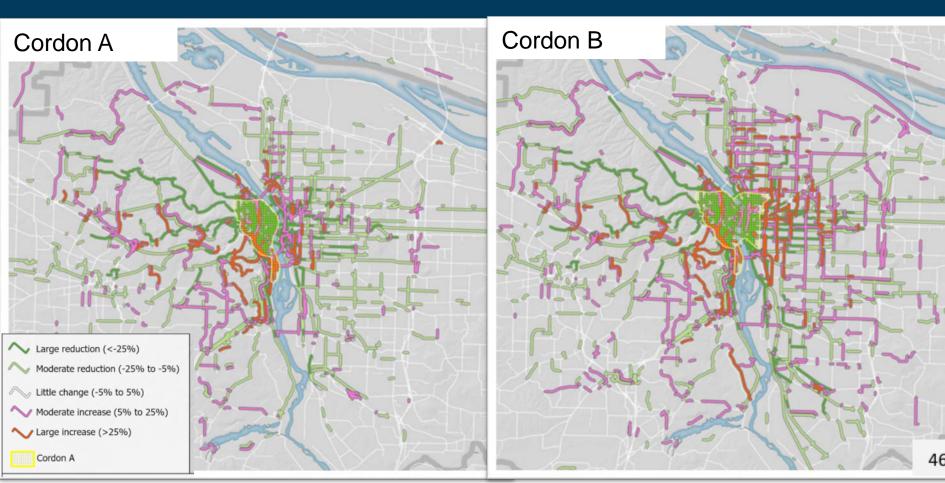


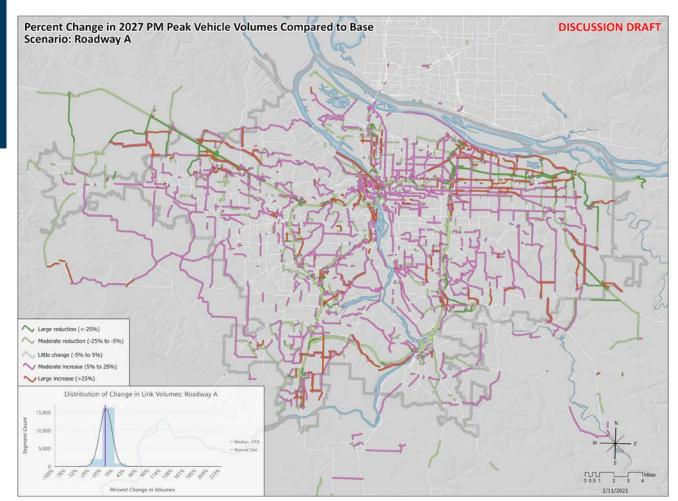
#### **Summary of Cost Impacts**

- All eight scenarios increase the overall cost for travel for the region, but some scenarios distribute the costs widely while others concentrate them on fewer travelers. Those that distribute the costs also have the highest overall cost for the region.
- Overall regional transportation costs and individual traveler costs vary by scenario.
- Distribution of costs and benefits have implications for where fee discounts and revenues could be targeted.



#### Change in Volumes Compared to Base (2-hr PM Peak)



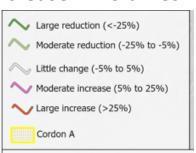




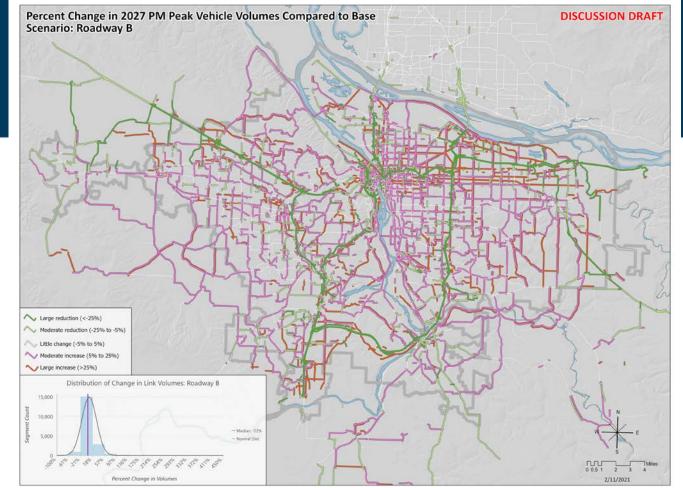
## Roadway A

Volumes drop across the freeway network as drivers divert to arterials to avoid charge.

Most arterials near freeways see an increase in volumes.

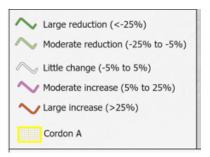




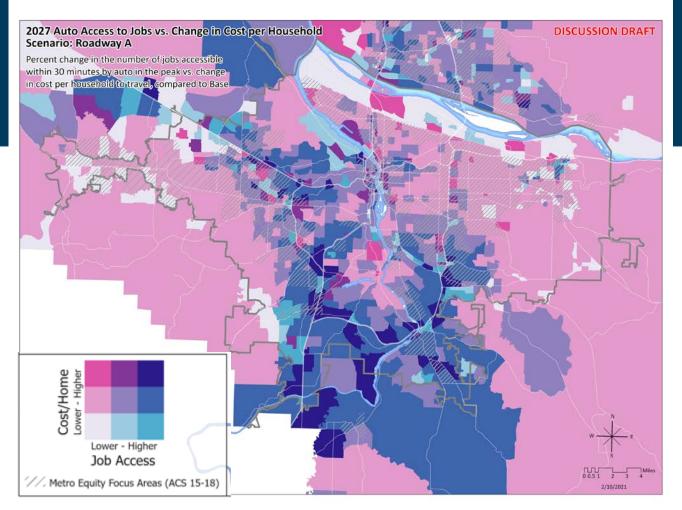


### Roadway B

Changes are magnified with Roadway B, with more arterials seeing volume increases, and freeways seeing increasingly lower volumes.







#### RD A

With RD A, many areas near freeways see increased job access by auto along with higher costs to travel, but the negative impacts in outer areas are prominent.



# High-Level Findings from Modeling

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Congestion & Climate	Daily VMT								
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	Daily Transit Trips								
	2HR Freeway VHD								
	2HR Arterial VHD								
Climate	Emissions								
l Faulty	Job Access (Auto)								
	Job Access (Transit)								
Total Regional Travel Cost		Medium-High	High	Medium-Low	Medium-Low	Low	Low	Medium	Medium

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#### **Expert Review Panel - April 22, 2021**



Jennifer Wieland - moderator

Managing Director. Expert in congestion pricing and equity-focused studies

NelsonWygaard



Sam Shwartz Founder and CEO; Father of NYC congestion pricing

Sam Schwartz Transportation Consultants



Christopher Tomlinson

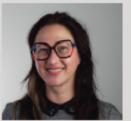
Executive Director; Expert in political, policy and legal aspects of tolling

State Road and Tollway Authority, Georgia Regional Transportation Authority, Atlanta-region Transit Link Authority



Daniel Firth

Transport and Urban Planning Director; Congestion pricing leader in London, Stockholm and Vancouver



Rachel Hiatt

Assistant Deputy Director for Planning; Project manager of the Downtown Congestion Pricing Study San Francisco County Transportation Authority



Clarrissa Cabansagan

Director of Programs; National leader in transportation policy and mobility justice

**TransForm** 



#### **Expert Review Panel**

- Provide input on our methods and technical findings
- Share insights gained from their work
  - Atlanta, San Francisco, New York, Seattle, Vancouver, Stockholm, and London among other locations
  - Technical, implementation, and equity considerations
- Discussion and Q & A
  - Moderated discussion
  - Opportunity for Metro Council and JPACT to ask questions



## **Expert Panel Discussion**

Given our technical findings and knowing the report will include further equity and implementation considerations...

- What would you would like to hear from the panel?
- Key questions or areas for discussion?



## **Next Steps – Incorporating Feedback**

Incorporate feedback from Expert Review Panel, Metro Council and JPACT. Combine findings with additional information on equity and implementation considerations.

#### **Regional Congestion Pricing Report**

- How well do the different tools perform for our region?
- Are there are areas of concern? Areas that should be studied further?
- Considerations for policy makers and projects going forward?



#### **Next Steps**

- Expert Review Panel April 22
- TPAC, MPAC June 2021
- JPACT final report in June 17, 2021
- Metro Council June and July 2021
  - June Work Session on final report
  - July Metro Council Meeting with a Resolution accepting the final report

# Regional Congestion Pricing Study

Thank you for your feedback!

Elizabeth.Mros-OHara@oregonmetro.gov